

Exposure Dose Distribution of the Workers at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant

(Updated on 31 January 2022)

1 Radiation Exposure Dose Distributions

(1) The distribution of external exposure dose of the workers during the last 3 months

(Numbers of workers who entered each area every month)

Effective dose (E) mSv	October-2021			November-2021			December-2021		
	TEPCO	Contractors	Total	TEPCO	Contractors	Total	TEPCO	Contractors	Total
100<E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75<E≤100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50<E≤75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20<E≤50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10<E≤20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5<E≤10	0	40	40	0	22	22	0	31	31
1<E≤5	19	472	491	9	534	543	34	546	580
E≤1	998	5070	6068	998	5187	6185	981	5258	6239
Total	1017	5582	6599	1007	5743	6750	1015	5835	6850
Maximum (mSv)	1.96	8.69	8.69	2.00	7.70	7.70	3.50	9.72	9.72
Average (mSv)	0.09	0.36	0.32	0.09	0.36	0.32	0.12	0.36	0.33

(*) Exposure doses and the number of workers are subject to change due to the replacement of accumulated doses measured using PAD with monthly doses measured using an integrating dosimeter and the reflection of values for workers wearing only an integrating dosimeter (e.g., workers working only within a seismically isolated building).

(2) Combined Cumulative Effective Dose from April 2021 (Internal and External)

Effective dose (E) mSv	April 2021 - November 2021			April 2021 - December 2021			Difference		
	TEPCO	Contractors	Total	TEPCO	Contractors	Total	TEPCO	Contractors	Total
100<E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75<E≤100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50<E≤75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20<E≤50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10<E≤20	0	281	281	1	372	373	1	91	92
5<E≤10	26	668	694	40	791	831	14	123	137
1<E≤5	165	2056	2221	172	2126	2298	7	70	77
E≤1	1114	4751	5865	1117	4745	5862	3	-6	-3
Total	1305	7756	9061	1330	8034	9364	25	278	303
Maximum (mSv)	9.79	16.94	16.94	10.02	16.94	16.94	-	-	-
Average (mSv)	0.54	1.88	1.69	0.62	2.08	1.87	-	-	-

(*) Exposure doses and the number of workers are subject to change due to the replacement of accumulated doses measured using PAD with monthly doses measured using an integrating dosimeter and the reflection of values for workers wearing only an integrating dosimeter (e.g., workers working only within a seismically isolated building).

(3) Distribution of sum of external exposure dose and internal exposure dose of workers engaged in specified high-dose work

(Specified high-dose work has not been performed since October 2015.)

Effective dose (E) mSv	March 2011 - September 2015
100<E	1
75<E≤100	191
50<E≤75	233
20<E≤50	267
10<E≤20	186
5<E≤10	129
1<E≤5	145
E≤1	51
Total	1203
Maximum (mSv)	102.69
Average (mSv)	36.49

(As specified high-dose work has not been performed since October 2015, the table shows the data up to September 2015.)

- (*) Workers engaged in work to which dose limit (100 mSv) during emergency work is applied in line with Article 7 of the Ordinance on Prevention of Ionizing Radiation Hazards.
Specifically, these workers are those who are engaged in work to maintain the functions of a nuclear reactor facility or spent fuel storage pool, or in work to maintain functions to suppress or prevent the possible release of a large amount of radioactive materials due to a failure of or damage to the nuclear reactor facility at a location around the nuclear reactor facility, steam turbine, or accessory facility where hourly dose may exceed 0.1 mSv.
It should be noted that only TEPCO employees have so far been engaged in specified high-dose work.
- (*) The number of workers engaged in specified high-dose work is that of workers who were registered as such at least once during the period between March 2011 and September 2015.
- (*) Exposure doses and the number of workers are subject to change due to the replacement of accumulated doses measured using PAD with monthly doses measured using an integrating dosimeter and the reflection of values for workers wearing only an integrating dosimeter (e.g., workers working only within a seismically isolated building).
- (*) The results of re-evaluating committed doses in March 2011 reveal that maximum cumulative effective doses for the period between March 2011 and September 2015 exceeded 100.