# 性・年齢階級別がん検診受診率の推移

| 性 | 年齢階級 | 胃がん検診 | | | 肺がん検診 | | | 大腸がん検診 | | | 子宮がん検診 | | | 乳がん検診 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | H16 | H19 | H22 | H16 | H19 | H22 | H16 | H19 | H22 | H16 | H19 | H22 | H16 | H19 | H22 |
| 男 | 総数 | 27.6% | 32.5% | 34.3% | 16.7% | 25.7% | 24.9% | 22.2% | 27.5% | 27.4% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 40～44歳 | 22.2% | 31.1% | 33.0% | 14.7% | 25.6% | 23.1% | 17.2% | 23.2% | 22.4% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 45～49 | 26.4% | 34.0% | 39.6% | 16.9% | 28.2% | 28.6% | 21.0% | 26.5% | 28.1% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 50～54 | 28.4% | 35.6% | 40.1% | 17.6% | 28.8% | 29.4% | 22.0% | 28.9% | 29.5% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 55～59 | 29.6% | 35.9% | 38.7% | 17.4% | 27.9% | 27.7% | 23.2% | 29.7% | 29.3% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 60～64 | 29.5% | 33.5% | 35.8% | 16.6% | 24.8% | 25.1% | 23.6% | 28.8% | 29.2% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 65～69 | 29.6% | 32.0% | 32.6% | 17.2% | 24.8% | 24.9% | 24.8% | 29.6% | 30.1% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 70～74 | 30.5% | 32.1% | 31.3% | 18.6% | 24.5% | 23.0% | 26.3% | 29.5% | 28.5% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 75～79 | 28.2% | 29.4% | 28.8% | 16.7% | 23.8% | 20.8% | 23.6% | 28.1% | 26.6% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 80～84 | 22.5% | 24.6% | 23.8% | 12.9% | 19.2% | 18.9% | 18.0% | 22.1% | 21.9% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| | 85歳以上 | 12.8% | 14.4% | 15.6% | 8.8% | 13.4% | 13.6% | 9.9% | 13.1% | 13.8% | · | · | · | · | · | · |
| 女 | 総数 | 22.4% | 25.3% | 26.3% | 13.5% | 21.1% | 21.2% | 18.5% | 22.7% | 22.6% | 20.8% | 21.3% | 24.3% | 19.8% | 20.3% | 24.3% |
| | 20～24歳 | | | | | | | | | | 3.3% | 5.6% | 10.2% | | | |
| | 25～29 | | | | | | | | | | 11.3% | 16.3% | 24.2% | | | |
| | 30～34 | | | | | | | | | | 23.6% | 24.9% | 33.0% | | | |
| | 35～39 | | | | | | | | | | 27.9% | 28.7% | 35.7% | | | |
| | 40～44 | 15.5% | 22.2% | 23.4% | 10.9% | 20.1% | 19.0% | 13.8% | 17.6% | 18.2% | 32.9% | 31.9% | 37.3% | 24.9% | 25.9% | 34.7% |
| | 45～49 | 19.5% | 25.0% | 28.1% | 12.7% | 23.4% | 23.9% | 16.2% | 21.1% | 22.4% | 32.6% | 33.6% | 36.6% | 25.3% | 28.0% | 35.4% |
| | 50～54 | 22.9% | 27.0% | 30.1% | 14.0% | 24.5% | 24.9% | 18.5% | 23.7% | 24.2% | 30.1% | 30.6% | 34.2% | 25.7% | 27.6% | 35.0% |
| | 55～59 | 25.1% | 28.1% | 29.8% | 14.4% | 23.5% | 24.2% | 20.8% | 25.5% | 24.9% | 27.1% | 26.2% | 28.5% | 25.1% | 25.5% | 32.0% |
| | 60～64 | 27.5% | 28.9% | 28.7% | 15.8% | 22.9% | 23.6% | 23.2% | 26.4% | 25.7% | 23.0% | 22.2% | 23.7% | 22.9% | 22.6% | 27.6% |
| | 65～69 | 27.3% | 28.8% | 29.3% | 15.9% | 22.8% | 22.6% | 22.6% | 27.1% | 27.5% | 18.8% | 18.4% | 18.4% | 18.7% | 19.1% | 20.3% |
| | 70～74 | 26.8% | 28.0% | 28.5% | 15.8% | 20.9% | 21.9% | 22.3% | 26.2% | 26.1% | 14.2% | 13.9% | 14.4% | 14.2% | 14.5% | 16.2% |
| | 75～79 | 21.6% | 24.0% | 24.8% | 12.6% | 17.9% | 18.7% | 17.0% | 22.5% | 21.4% | 7.8% | 8.9% | 8.7% | 8.6% | 9.9% | 9.9% |
| | 80～84 | 14.7% | 17.5% | 17.7% | 8.3% | 13.3% | 13.6% | 11.4% | 14.9% | 15.2% | 3.5% | 4.2% | 5.0% | 3.7% | 4.5% | 5.2% |
| | 85歳以上 | 8.6% | 8.3% | 8.9% | 5.4% | 8.8% | 8.7% | 5.9% | 7.4% | 7.9% | 1.4% | 1.5% | 1.5% | 1.5% | 1.7% | 1.9% |

## H22調査における過去2年間の検診受診率

| 性 | 年齢階級 | 子宮がん | 乳がん |
|---|---|---|---|
| 女 | 総数 | 32.0% | 31.4% |
| | 20～24歳 | 13.1% | |
| | 25～29 | 32.1% | |
| | 30～34 | 44.5% | |
| | 35～39 | 47.4% | |
| | 40～44 | 48.4% | 44.2% |
| | 45～49 | 47.5% | 46.1% |
| | 50～54 | 43.8% | 43.8% |
| | 55～59 | 36.7% | 40.2% |
| | 60～64 | 31.2% | 35.3% |
| | 65～69 | 24.9% | 27.3% |
| | 70～74 | 19.5% | 22.0% |
| | 75～79 | 11.9% | 13.4% |
| | 80～84 | 6.9% | 7.3% |
| | 85歳以上 | 2.3% | 2.7% |

凡例：
- 30%以上
- 40%以上

平成16年、平成19年、平成22年国民生活基礎調査より、5歳階級別の推計がん検診受診者数を、5歳階級別世帯人員（入院者を除く）で除して作成。