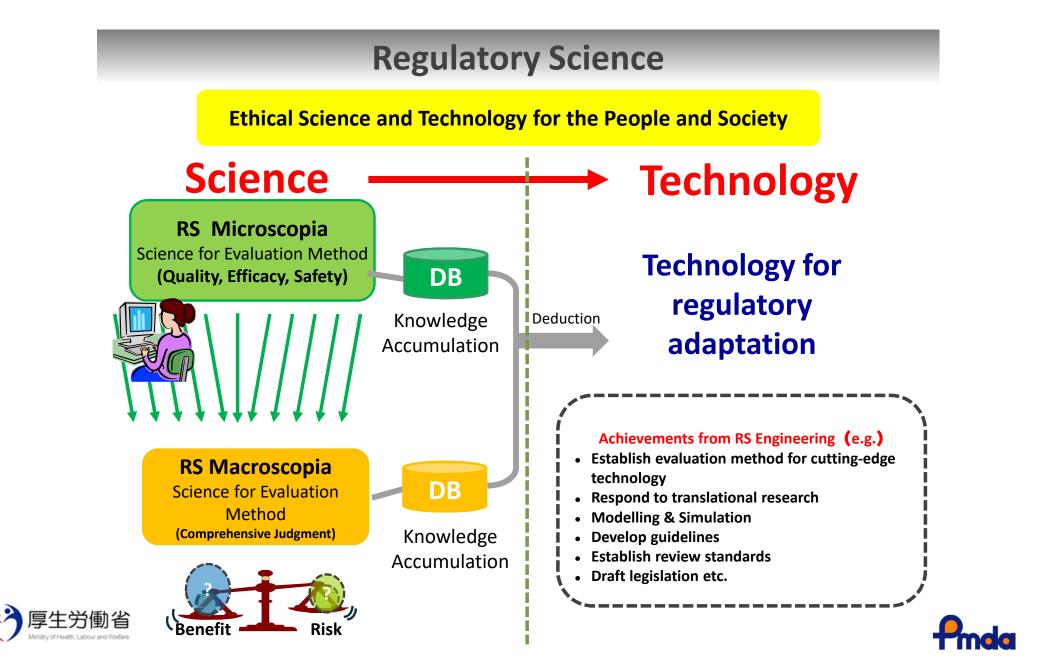
Challenge of regulatory advance for Innovation - From Regulatory Science viewpoint -

3 July, 2018 3rd Japan-Korea Joint Symposium on Medical Products

Naoyuki Yasuda Office Director Office of International Programs

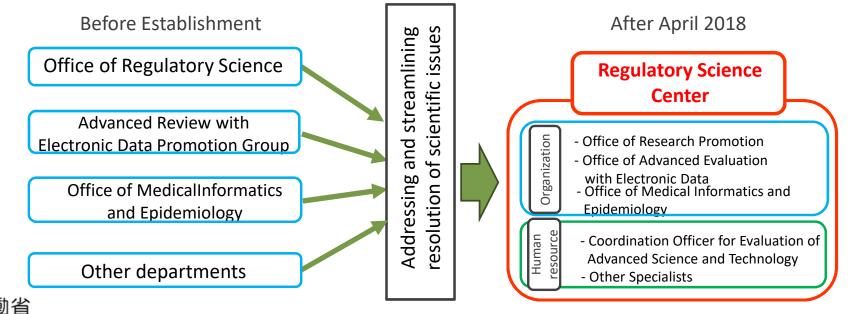






Establishment of the Regulatory Science Center

- PMDA has promoted regulatory science for evaluation/judgment of quality/efficacy/safety of medical products
- Regulatory Science Center was established in April1, 2018, centralizing PMDA's RS- related activities to achieve followings:
 - Addressing and streamlining resolution of scientific issues
 - Improving quality of review and safety measures
 - Activating discussions with each stakeholder by providing of RS information







Main services of the Regulatory Science Center

<u>1. Providing services/information on cutting-edge technology</u></u>

- Collecting information on cutting-edge technology expected to be used for medical products to get ideas for evaluation and regulations through discussions with stakeholders
- ⇒ Science Board, Horizon scanning

2. Promoting use of submission data/real-world data

- Wide use of submission data
- Wide use of real-world data such as medical records, etc.
- ⇒Maximize the use of submission data/real-world data for optimal use throughout product lifecycle and development of innovative products

3. Human resource development

- Supporting staffs to deal with scientific issues and release its results
- Promoting RS and developing human resources through partnership with academia (e.g., cross appointment program)

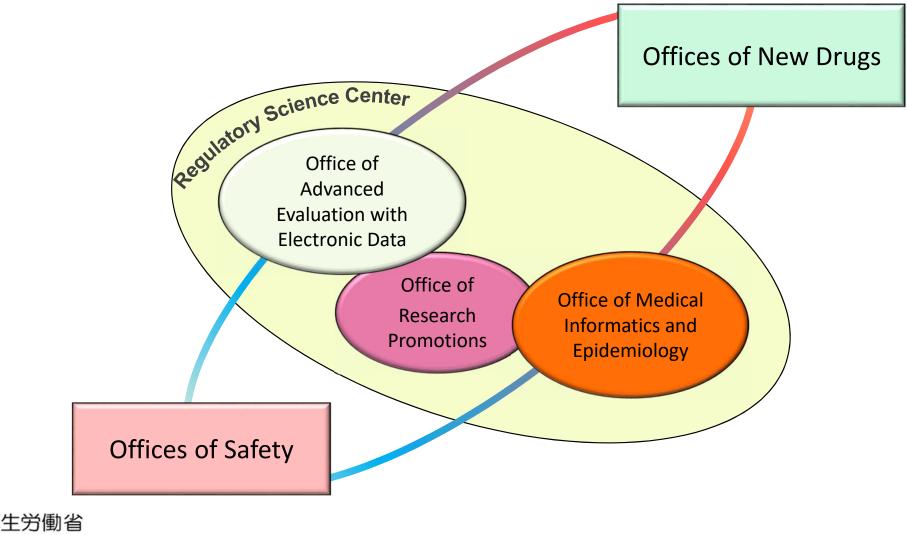
⇒Exchange of expertise between academia and PMDA staff

Further streamlining of R&D programs and post-marketing safety measures through Regulatory Science





Regulatory Science Center - Collaboration with other PMDA Offices -





Analysis of CDISC Data Submitted with New Drug Application

[NDA]	NDA Review	Advanced review	
CDISC Data	PMDA's own analyzing raw data		
Database of	Scientific Consultation	Improved development	
Clinical Trial Results	Advices better informed by M&S, etc.		
Analysis	Cross-Products Analysis	More evidences for consultation review, & guidance formulation	
M&S, MPBPK	 Establish disease models Identifying commonalities among different drugs in the same class 		ugs in

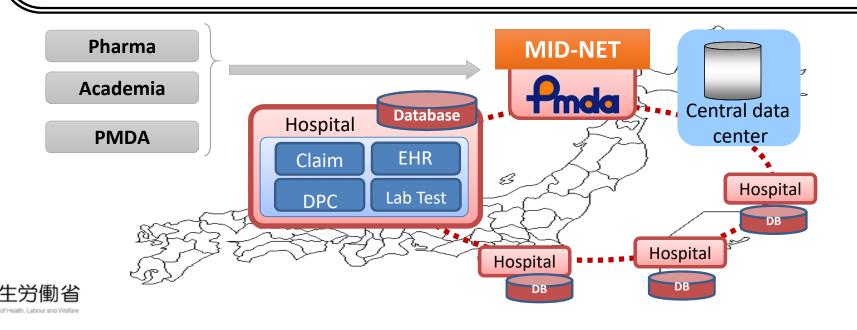


Modeling & Simulation: Concentration-Response Model PBPK: Physiologically-based Pharmacokinetic Model, etc.



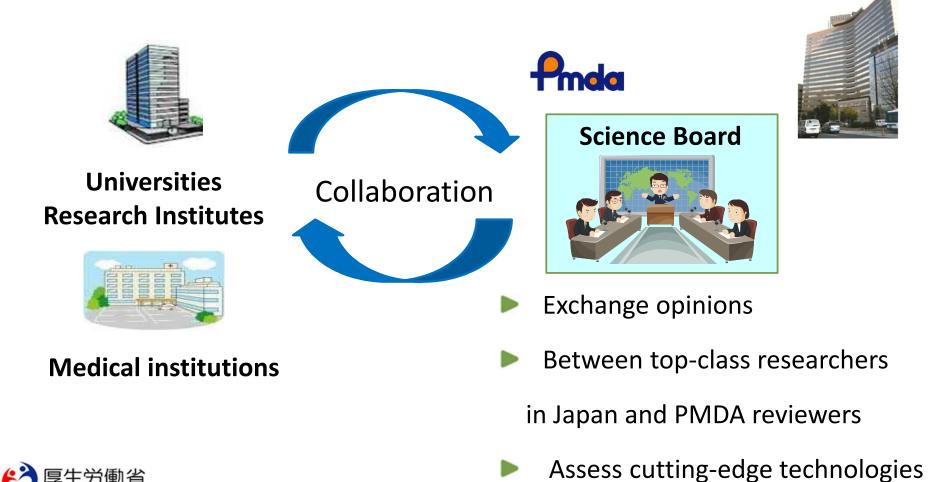
MID-NET[®] (Medical Information Database Network) Project

- Analyze electronic health records, insurance claim data, diagnosis procedure combination (DPC, counterpart of US's DRG) data, lab test results, etc.
- Enables advanced pharamacoepidemiological analysis
- Covers 23 major hospitals and 4 million patients (as of Feb. 2018).
- Full operation since April 2018, MID-NET charges \$430,000/Drug.





Science Board



Pmda

Reports of Science Board (3rd term (FY2016 – 2017))

Subcommittee on Rare Cancers

 Consider methodologies to evaluate drugs for rare diseases, including rare cancers, with very small patient populations (no more than 50,000 patients), which makes conduct of comparative studies difficult.

Subcommittee on Drug Development

• Sort out bottlenecks for drug discoveries by academia and discuss solutions.

Subcommittee of Artificial Intelligence

• Overview new technologies using AI and discuss their totally new characteristics in order to facilitate the future review and





Publication on the Journal

Advanced Biomedical Engineering 7: 118–123, 2018.

Invited Review Paper

DOI:10.14326/abe.7.118

Regulatory Science on AI-based Medical Devices and Systems

Kiyoyuki Chinzel,¹ Akinobu Shimizu,² Kensaku Mori,³ Kanako Harada,⁴ Hideaki Takeda,⁵ Makoto Hashizume,⁶ Mayumi Ishizuka,⁷ Nobumasa Kato,⁸ Ryuzo Kawamori,⁹ Shunei Kyo,¹⁰ Kyosuke Nagata,¹¹ Takashi Yamane,¹² Ichiro Sakuma,⁴ Kazuhiko Ohe,¹³ Mamoru Mitsuishi^{14, #}

Abstract AI-based medical and healthcare devices 1) plasticity causing changes in system performance throug the timing of learning and assignment of responsibilities for havior in response to unknown inputs due to the black box tion; and 3) need of assuring the characteristics of datasets mittee on Artificial Intelligence and its Applications in Med and Medical Devices Agency (PMDA), Tokyo, Japan, exa conventional technologies, thereby clarifying the character summarizes the characteristics and clinical positioning of viewpoint of regulatory science, and presents the issues re in machine learning.

Keywords: artificial intelligence, medical devices, medica

Adv Biomed Eng. 7: pp. 118-123, 2018.

1. Introduction

The applications of artificial intelligence (AD-based new

Received: 20 February 2018 Revised: 2 March 2018 Accepted: 7 March 2018

REPORT

DOI: 10.1111/cas.13568

WILEY Cancer Science

Current state of therapeutic development for rare cancers in Japan, and proposals for improvement

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Shuki Mizutani ^{1,6}	Akiyoshi Nishikawa ^{1,7} Taro Shibata ^{1,8} Seiichi Matsumoto ^{1,9}
Kyosuke Nagata ^{1,10}	Mamoru Narukawa ^{1,11} Shigeyuki Matsui ^{1,12}
Masashi Ando ^{1,13}	Junya Toguchida ^{1,14} Morito Monden ^{1,15} Toshio Heike ^{1,16}
Shinya Kimura ^{1,17}	Ryuzo Ueda ^{1,18}

¹Subcommittee on Rare Cancers, The Science Board to the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency, Tokyo, Japan ²Department of Musculoskeletal Oncology and Rehabilitation, Rare Cancer Center, National Cancer Center Hospital, Tokyo, Japan ³Program for Drug Discovery and Medical Technology Platforms, RiKEN, Tsukuba, Japan



Theme of Science Board (4th term)

Clinical evaluation of therapeutic agents for antimicrobial resistant infections

The review of software as a medical device utilizing computer simulation

Evaluation of diagnostic agents with new generation biomarker

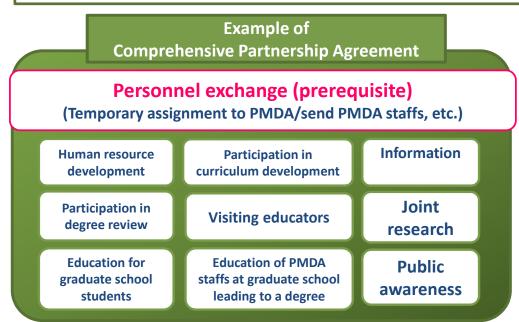
The risk assessment of genome edited products





Comprehensive Partnership Agreements

Collaborative framework advanced in cooperation with academia to work with specialized medical institutions to improve medical standards in the area of RS promotion while ensuring efficacy/safety/quality and reliability



•Partnerships with medical schools and national advanced medical centers

Personnel exchange

Personnel exchange allows Human resources development and enhanced feasibility of cooperative activities

•Cooperative activities Details of collaborations are

discussed and selected to realize efficient and unique partnership.

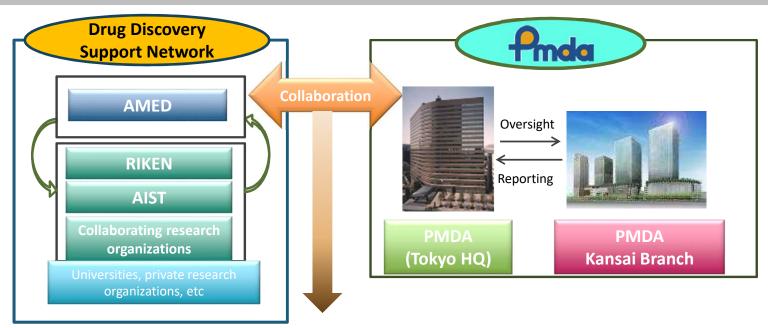
[Agreement with]

National Cancer Center (H28.2), Hiroshima Univ (H28.3), Keio Univ (H28.3), Tsukuba Univ (H28.3), National Center of Neurology and Psychiatry (H28.7), Tohoku Univ (H28.10), National Center for Global Health and Medicine (H29.3), National Cerebral and cardiovascular Center (H29.7), National Center for Child Health and Development (H30.1)





Collaboration with Drug Discovery Support Network



Research supported by AMED moving onto practical utilization is required to receive PMDA's RS strategy/general consultations in principle.

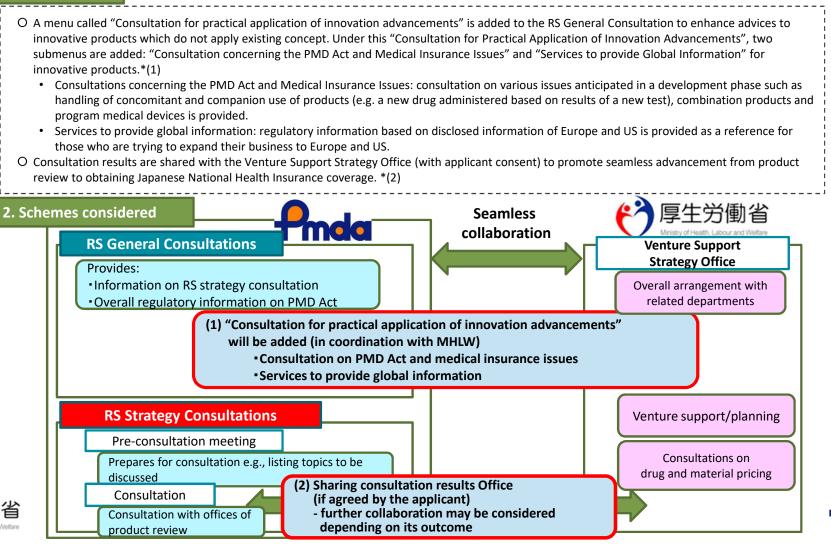
AMED Drug Development Support Network	PMDA RS strategy/general consultation
 Planning/advising on basic/advanced research Collecting/evaluating/selecting promising seeds 	1. Preparing development roadmap
Introducing joint research organizations/study	2. Advising on quality
3. Introducing joint research organizations/study institutions	3. Advising on non-clinical study
4. Supporting advanced/development research	4. Advising on clinical trials

- Supporting advanced/development research 4.
- Leading/collaborating/licensing out pharmaceutical 5. companies



PMDA's support for practical use of innovation -Consultation services for practical application of innovation advancements-

1. Overview





PMDA's Horizon Scanning -Purpose-

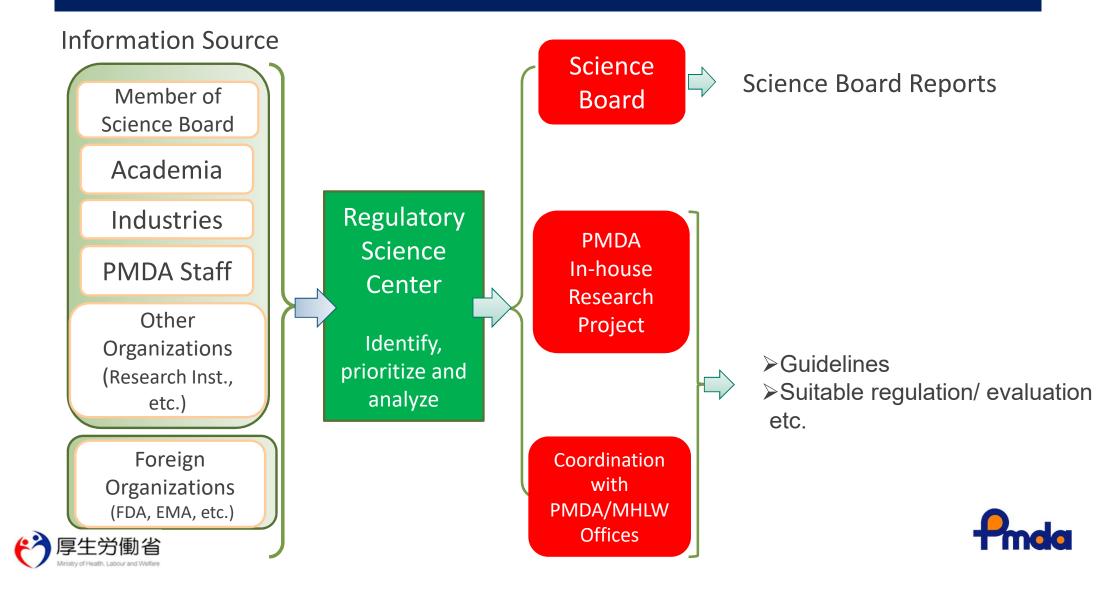
Identify emerging technologies/products

- Assess their impacts on the regulation and regulatory actions (e.g. product review)
- Inform the Agency so that it can proactively address them





PMDA's Horizon Scanning - **Process**-



PMDA' Initiatives to Rational Medicine

- 1. Innovation through products approval reviews of enhanced rigor and rationality
- 2. Further promotion of regulatory science
- 3. Increased sophistication of safety measures through the use of real-world data
- 4. Enhanced international partnerships

PMDA makes all-out efforts for Rational Medicine!



Thank you very much!!

http://www.pmda.go.jp/en/



