



# Multi-country outbreak of monkeypox

External Situation Report 5, published 7 September 2022

Data as received by WHO national authorities by 17:00 CEST, 5 September 2022

Risk assessment Global risk – Moderate	Laboratory confirmed	Deaths	Countries/ areas/
WHO Regional risk	cases		territories
Furopean Region – High	52 996	18	102

African Region, Region of the Americas, Eastern Mediterranean Region,
 Southeast Asia Region – Moderate

• Western Pacific Region – Low-Moderate

# **Highlights**

- During the week of 29 August to 4 September 2022, the number of cases reported in the regions of Europe and America declined compared to the week of 22 to 28 august, driving the observed global decrease.
- On 25 August, WHO updated the interim guidance on <u>Surveillance, case investigation, and contact tracing for monkeypox</u> with the latest information on symptomatology and epidemiological parameters, and to align with the Temporary Recommendations issued by the Director General, after the declaration of the Public Health Emergency of International concern (PHEIC).
- On 1 September, WHO published new public health advice on preventing stigma and discrimination: Communications and community engagement interim guidance on using inclusive language in understanding, preventing and addressing stigma and discrimination related to monkeypox.



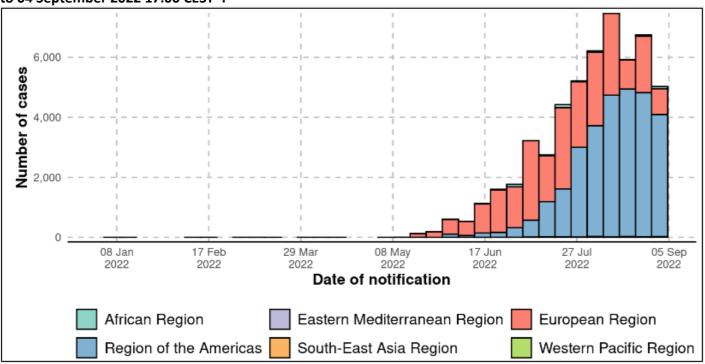
# **Epidemiological Update**

From 1 January through 4 September 2022, 52 996 laboratory-confirmed cases of monkeypox and 18 deaths have been reported to WHO from 102 countries/territories/areas<sup>[i]</sup> in all six WHO Regions (Table 1). Since the last edition of this <u>report</u> published on 24 August 2022, 11 332 new cases (27% increase) and six new deaths were reported; and six new countries reported cases. In the past seven days, 25 countries reported an increase in the weekly number of cases, with the highest increase reported in Colombia, and one country, South Sudan, reported its first case (29 August 2022). There are 27 countries that have not reported new cases for over 21 days, the maximum incubation period of the disease.

The number of weekly new cases reported globally decreased by 25.5% in week 35 (29 August - 4 September) (n= 5029 cases) compared to week 34 (22- 28 August) (n= 6746 cases), with the largest decrease observed in the Region of the Americas (-15%) and in the European Region (-55%). Despite these decreases, the majority of cases reported in the past four weeks were in the Region of the Americas (70.7%) and the European Region (28.3%). From 22 August to 4 September 2022, a total of six deaths have been reported in Ghana (n=3), Belgium (n=1), Brazil (n=1), and Cuba (n=1).

As of 4 September, the ten countries that have reported the highest cumulative number of cases globally are the United States of America (n = 19351), Spain (n = 6645), Brazil (n = 5197), France (n = 3646), Germany (n = 3493), the United Kingdom (n = 3413), Peru (n = 1546), Canada (n = 1289), the Netherlands (n = 1172), and Portugal (n = 871). Together, these countries account for 88.0% of the cases reported globally.

Figure 1. Epidemiological curve of weekly aggregated confirmed cases of monkeypox by region, from 1 January to 04 September 2022 17:00 CEST\*.



<sup>\*</sup>This figure shows aggregated weekly data, for completed epidemiological weeks ending on Sundays. Data on the current week will be presented in the next situation report.



Table 1. Number of cumulative confirmed monkeypox cases and deaths reported to WHO, by WHO Region, from 1 January 2022 to 04 September 17:00 CEST

WHO Region	Confirmed cases	Deaths
African Region	521	10
Region of the Americas	29 338	4
Eastern Mediterranean Region	39	0
European Region	22 921	3
South-East Asia Region	18	1
Western Pacific Region	159	0
Cumulative	52 996	18

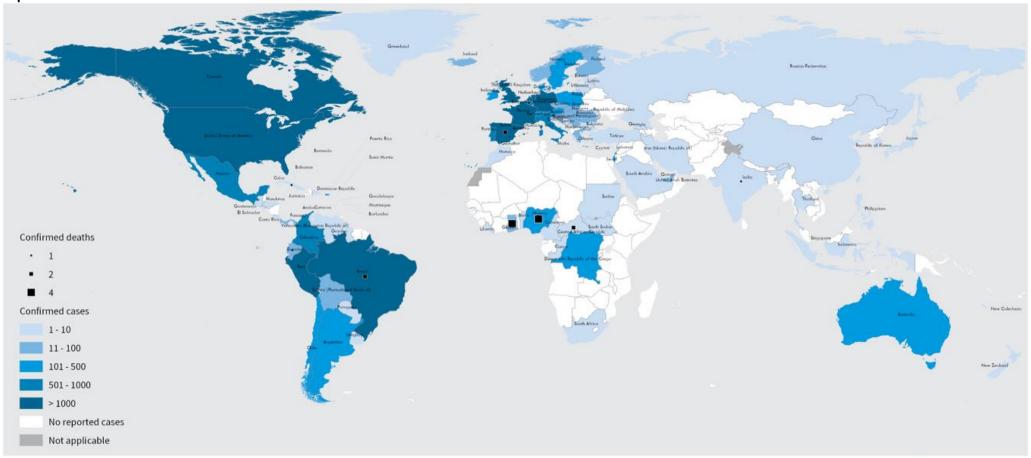
# Other key epidemiological findings:

- The outbreak continues to affect primarily young men, with 98.2% (26 953/27 449) of cases with available data being men with a median age of 36 years (Interquartile range: 30-43 years). Less than 1% of cases with age data available are aged 0-17 years, out of which 43 (0.2%) were aged 0-4 years. This proportion differs between Regions, with the largest proportion of cases aged 0-17 being reported from the African Region (65 /163; 40%).
- Among cases with sexual orientation reported, 95.2% (11 923/12 530) identified as gay, bisexual and
  other men who have sex with men. Of all reported types of transmission, transmission through skin and
  mucosal contact during sexual activities was most commonly reported, with 7824 of 8601 (91.0%) of all
  reported transmission events.
- The majority of cases with reported exposure settings were likely exposed in a party setting with sexual contacts, with 2921 of 4867 (60.0%) of all likely exposure categories.
- Among cases with known HIV status, 44.9% (5576/12 411) are HIV positive.

For further information, please see the WHO Multi-country Monkeypox Outbreak – Global Trends.



Figure 3. Geographic distribution of confirmed cases of monkeypox reported to or identified by WHO from official public sources from 1 January 2022 to 04 September 17:00 CEST



The designations employed and the presentation of the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

Data Source: World Health Organization Map Production: WHO Health Emergencies Programme Map Date: 6 September 2022





# **Updates and WHO Advice**

WHO continues to closely monitor and respond to the outbreak and support international coordination and information sharing with the Member States and partners. Clinical and public health incident response have been activated by Member States to coordinate comprehensive case finding, contact tracing, laboratory investigation, supported isolation, clinical management, implementation of infection prevention and control measures, risk communication and community engagement, and vaccination activities, as well as support ongoing epidemiological and countermeasures research.

## **Surveillance**

WHO continues to collect regular information on the daily number of monkeypox cases and deaths through IHR communication, as well as detailed information through the <u>case reporting form (CRF)</u>. The reference document for monkeypox surveillance remains the interim guidance on <u>surveillance, case investigation and contact tracing for monkeypox</u>, updated on 25 August 2022. Currently, WHO has received the CRF for around 89% of the total confirmed cases reported at the global level, and the latest epidemiological information is included in the online 2022 Monkeypox outbreak: Global trends.

WHO is currently working with partners to investigate the use of wastewater surveillance for monkeypox, its benefits for monitoring the presence or transmission of the virus in the community, and challenges, both technical and resource-related.

# **Risk Communication and Community Engagement**

WHO is conducting risk communication and community engagement (RCCE) activities on monkeypox, prioritizing the most affected populations. Informed by regular social listening activities highlighting questions and concerns from the public, the <a href="monkeypox Q&A page">monkeypox Q&A page</a> and other materials have been regularly updated, with a focus on sharing updated information on symptoms, recovering from monkeypox at home, and the risk of transmission through skin and mucosal contact during sexual activities.

WHO has conducted several community consultations with representatives of the HIV, hepatitis and sexually transmitted infections (HHS) technical advisory group to drive strategy and co-develop materials. Several iterations of the public health guidance for gay, bisexual and other men who have sex with men have been released with key messages and health advice.

The reference document to guide RCCE activities for this outbreak continues to be the <u>interim guidance published</u> on 24 June 2022. On 1 September, WHO published additional public health advice: <u>Communications and community engagement interim guidance on using inclusive language in understanding, preventing and addressing stigma and discrimination related to monkeypox.</u>

WHO is currently developing health advice for sex workers, and a strategy to support RCCE around monkeypox vaccination.



# **Gatherings**

WHO has engaged with organizers of public gatherings (large and small), including those likely to be conducive for encounters of an intimate sexual nature or that may include sex-on-premises, to promote personal protective measures and behaviours, encourage organizers to apply a risk-based approach to the holding of such events, and discuss the possibility of postponing events for which risk measures cannot be put in place. All necessary information should be provided for risk communication on personal choices and for infection prevention and control, including regular cleaning of event venues.



# **Technical guidance and other resources**

International Health Regulations Emergency committee and Temporary Recommendations of the Director-General

- WHO Second meeting of the International Health Regulations (2005) (IHR) Emergency Committee regarding the multi-country outbreak of monkeypox, 23 July 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/news/item/23-07-2022-second-meeting-of-the-international-health-regulations-(2005)-(ihr)-emergency-committee-regarding-the-multi-country-outbreak-of-monkeypox">https://www.who.int/news/item/23-07-2022-second-meeting-of-the-international-health-regulations-(2005)-(ihr)-emergency-committee-regarding-the-multi-country-outbreak-of-monkeypox</a>
- WHO Director-General's statement at the press conference following IHR Emergency Committee regarding the multicountry outbreak of monkeypox, 23 July 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/director-general/speeches/detail/who-director-general-s-statement-on-the-press-conference-following-IHR-emergency-committee-regarding-the-multi--country-outbreak-of-monkeypox--23-july-2022</a>

#### WHO Interim Guidance and Public Health Advice

- WHO Vaccines and immunization for monkeypox: Interim guidance, 24 August 2022. https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/361894/WHO-MPX-Immunization-2022.2-eng.pdf
- WHO Global clinical data platform for monkeypox case report form (CRF), 15 July 2022.
   https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MPX-Clinical CRF-2022.2
- Public health advice for gatherings during the current monkeypox outbreak, 28 June 2022: https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MPX-Gatherings-2022.1
- WHO Surveillance, case investigation and contact tracing for Monkeypox: Interim guidance, 24 June 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MONKEYPOX-surveillance-2022.2">https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MONKEYPOX-surveillance-2022.2</a>
- Clinical management and infection prevention and control for monkeypox: Interim rapid response guidance, 10 June 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MPX-Clinical-and-IPC-2022.1">https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MPX-Clinical-and-IPC-2022.1</a>
- WHO Technical brief (interim) and priority actions: enhancing readiness for monkeypox in WHO South-East Asia Region, 7 July 2022. <a href="https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/searo/whe/monkeypox/searo-mpx-tbrief22.pdf">https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/searo/whe/monkeypox/searo-mpx-tbrief22.pdf</a>

#### **Data management**

- Case and contact investigation form (CIF), 16 June 2022. https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/monkeypox-minimum-dataset-case-reporting-form-(crf)
- The WHO Global Clinical Platform for monkeypox, 14 June 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/tools/global-clinical-platform/monkeypox">https://www.who.int/tools/global-clinical-platform/monkeypox</a>
- Global clinical data platform for monkeypox case report form (CRF), 14 June 2022. https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MPX-Clinical-CRF-2022.1
- WHO Go.Data: Managing complex data in outbreaks. https://www.who.int/tools/godata
- Monkeypox Case investigation form (CIF) and minimum dataset Case reporting form (CRF). 19 August 2022. https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/monkeypox-minimum-dataset-case-reporting-form-(crf)

# Risk communication and community engagement

- Monkeypox Q&A, 23 August 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/philippines/news/feature-stories/detail/frequently-asked-questions-about-monkeypox">https://www.who.int/philippines/news/feature-stories/detail/frequently-asked-questions-about-monkeypox</a>
- Monkeypox: public health advice for gay, bisexual and other men who have sex with men, 18 July 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/monkeypox-public-health-advice-for-men-who-have-sex-with-men">https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/monkeypox-public-health-advice-for-men-who-have-sex-with-men</a>
- Risk communication and community engagement (RCCE) for monkeypox outbreaks: Interim guidance, 24 June 2022. https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MPX-RCCE-2022.1
- Interim advice for public health authorities on summer events during the monkeypox outbreak in Europe, 2022. 14 June 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/europe/publications/m/item/interim-advice-for-public-health-authorities--on-summer-events-during-the-monkeypox--outbreak-in-europe--2022">https://www.who.int/europe/publications/m/item/interim-advice-for-public-health-authorities--on-summer-events-during-the-monkeypox--outbreak-in-europe--2022</a>



- Interim advice on Risk Communication and Community Engagement during the monkeypox outbreak in Europe, 2022.
   Joint report by WHO Regional office for Europe/ECDC, 2 June 2022.
   <a href="https://www.euro.who.int/">https://www.euro.who.int/</a> data/assets/pdf file/0009/539046/ECDC-WHO-interim-advice-RCCE-Monkeypox-2-06-2022-eng.pdf
- WHO Monkeypox outbreak: update and advice for health workers, 26 May 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/risk-comms-updates/update">https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/risk-comms-updates/update</a> monkeypox-.pdf?sfvrsn=99baeb03 1
- Risk communication and community engagement. Public health advice on the recent outbreak of monkeypox in the WHO
  European Region, 24 May 2022. <a href="https://www.euro.who.int/">https://www.euro.who.int/</a> data/assets/pdf file/0004/538537/public-health-advice-monkeypox-eng.pdf

#### **Laboratory and diagnostics**

- Monkeypox: experts give virus variants new names, 12 August 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/news/item/12-08-2022-monkeypox--experts-give-virus-variants-new-names">https://www.who.int/news/item/12-08-2022-monkeypox--experts-give-virus-variants-new-names</a>
- WHO Laboratory testing for the monkeypox virus: Interim guidance, 23 May 2022. <a href="https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/354488">https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/354488</a>
- WHO Guidance on regulations for the transport of infectious substances 2021-2023, 25 February 2021. <a href="https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240019720">https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240019720</a>
- Genomic epidemiology of monkeypox virus. <a href="https://nextstrain.org/monkeypox?c=country">https://nextstrain.org/monkeypox?c=country</a>

## **Disease Outbreak News and situation reports**

- Monkeypox outbreak 2022: <a href="https://www.who.int/emergencies/situations/monkeypox-oubreak-2022">https://www.who.int/emergencies/situations/monkeypox-oubreak-2022</a>
- Multi-country outbreak of monkeypox, External situation report #3 10 August 2022: <a href="https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/multi-country-outbreak-of-monkeypox--external-situation-report--3---10-august-2022">https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/multi-country-outbreak-of-monkeypox--external-situation-report--3---10-august-2022</a>
- WHO Multi-country outbreak of monkeypox, External situation report #2 25 July 2022: https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/multi-country-outbreak-of-monkeypox--external-situation-report--2---25-iuly-2022
- WHO Multi-country outbreak of monkeypox, External situation report #1 6 July 2022: <a href="https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/multi-country-outbreak-of-monkeypox--external-situation-report--1---6-july-2022">https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/multi-country-outbreak-of-monkeypox--external-situation-report--1---6-july-2022</a>
- WHO disease outbreak news: Monkeypox, all items related to multi-country outbreak: https://www.who.int/emergencies/emergency-events/item/2022-e000121
- WHO disease outbreak news: Monkeypox, all previous items including endemic countries and traveler-associated outbreaks: <a href="https://www.who.int/emergencies/emergency-events/item/monkeypox">https://www.who.int/emergencies/emergency-events/item/monkeypox</a>

## **Training and Education**

- WHO monkeypox outbreak toolbox, June 2022. <a href="https://www.who.int/emergencies/outbreak-toolkit/disease-outbreak-toolbox">https://www.who.int/emergencies/outbreak-toolkit/disease-outbreak-toolbox</a> toolboxes/monkeypox-outbreak-toolbox
- WHO factsheet on monkeypox, 19 May 2022. <a href="http://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/monkeypox">http://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/monkeypox</a>
- Health topics Monkeypox: <a href="https://www.who.int/health-topics/monkeypox">https://www.who.int/health-topics/monkeypox</a>
- Open WHO. Online training module. Monkeypox: Introduction. 2020
   English: <a href="https://openwho.org/courses/monkeypox-introduction">https://openwho.org/courses/monkeypox-introduction</a>

Français: https://openwho.org/courses/variole-du-singe-introduction

Open WHO. Extended training. Monkeypox epidemiology, preparedness and response. 2021.

English: https://openwho.org/courses/monkeypox-intermediate;

Français: <a href="https://openwho.org/courses/variole-du-singe-intermediaire">https://openwho.org/courses/variole-du-singe-intermediaire</a>



#### **Other Resources**

- WHO AFRO Weekly Bulletin on Outbreaks and Other Emergencies, all previous items: <a href="https://www.afro.who.int/health-topics/disease-outbreaks/outbreaks-and-other-emergencies-updates">https://www.afro.who.int/health-topics/disease-outbreaks/outbreaks-and-other-emergencies-updates</a>
- WHO 5 moments for hand hygiene. <a href="https://www.who.int/campaigns/world-hand-hygiene-day">https://www.who.int/campaigns/world-hand-hygiene-day</a>
- WHO One Health. <a href="https://www.who.int/health-topics/one-health">https://www.who.int/health-topics/one-health</a>
- World Organisation for Animal Health, founded as OIE: Monkeypox. <a href="https://www.woah.org/en/disease/monkeypox/">https://www.woah.org/en/disease/monkeypox/</a>
- Joint WHO Regional Office for Europe European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, Monkeypox surveillance bulletin <u>Situation reports (who.int)</u>
- Joint WHO Regional Office for Europe European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, Monkeypox Resource toolkit
  to support national authorities and event organizers in their planning and coordination of mass and large gathering
  events. <a href="https://www.who.int/europe/tools-and-toolkits/monkeypox-resource-toolkit-for-planning-and-coordination-of-mass-and-large-gathering-events/">https://www.who.int/europe/tools-and-toolkits/monkeypox-resource-toolkit-for-planning-and-coordination-of-mass-and-large-gathering-events/</a>
- WHO. Monkeypox & mass gatherings. Recommendations for mass gatherings during a monkeypox outbreak. <a href="https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/epi-win/update78\_monkeypox-mass-gatherings.pdf?sfvrsn=dfc9ee5a\_1&download=true">https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/epi-win/update78\_monkeypox-mass-gatherings.pdf?sfvrsn=dfc9ee5a\_1&download=true</a>
- WHO European Region Interim advice for public health authorities on summer events during the monkeypox outbreak in Europe, 2022 <a href="https://www.who.int/europe/publications/m/item/interim-advice-for-public-health-authorities--on-summer-events-during-the-monkeypox--outbreak-in-europe--2022">https://www.who.int/europe/publications/m/item/interim-advice-for-public-health-authorities--on-summer-events-during-the-monkeypox--outbreak-in-europe--2022</a>
- Weekly epidemiological record (WER) no.11, 16 March 2018, Emergence of monkeypox in West Africa and Central Africa 1970-2017.
   <a href="http://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/260497/WER9311.pdf;jsessionid=7AB72F28D04CFE6CE24996192FC478FF?sequence=1">http://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/260497/WER9311.pdf;jsessionid=7AB72F28D04CFE6CE24996192FC478FF?sequence=1</a> Jezek Z., Fenner F.: Human Monkeypox. Monogr Virol. Basel, Karger, 1988, vol 17, pp 1-5. doi:
- Clinical management and infection prevention and control for monkeypox: Interim rapid response guidance, 10 June 2022. https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/WHO-MPX-Clinical-and-IPC-2022.1

# Annex 1: Data, table and figure notes

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Caution must be taken when interpreting all data presented. Differences are to be expected between information products published by WHO, national public health authorities, and other sources using different inclusion criteria and different data cut-off times. While steps are taken to ensure accuracy and reliability, all data are subject to continuous verification and change. Case detection, definitions, testing strategies, reporting practice, and lag times differ between countries/territories/areas. These factors, amongst others, influence the counts presented, with variable underestimation of true case and death counts, and variable delays to reflecting these data at the global level.

<sup>[i]</sup> 'Countries' may refer to countries, territories, areas or other jurisdictions of similar status. The designations employed, and the presentation of these materials do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory, or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.



Annex 2: Confirmed cases of monkeypox by WHO region and country from 1 January 2022 to 04 September 2022, 17:00 CEST\*

WHO Region	Country	<b>Total Confirmed Cases</b>	<b>Total Deaths</b>
	Benin	3	0
	Cameroon	7	0
	Central African Republic	8	2
	Congo	3	0
Africa Proton	Democratic Republic of the Congo	195	0
African Region	Ghana	76	4
	Liberia	2	0
	Nigeria	220	4
	South Africa	5	0
	South Sudan	2	0
	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	1	0
	Lebanon	6	0
Eastern	Morocco	3	0
Mediterranean	Qatar	3	0
Region	Saudi Arabia	8	0
	Sudan	2	0
	United Arab Emirates	16	0
	Andorra	4	0
	Austria	273	0
	Belgium	706	1
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	3	0
	Bulgaria	4	0
	Croatia	27	0
	Cyprus	5	0
	Czechia	53	0
	Denmark	177	0
	Estonia	10	0
	Finland	24	0
European Region	France	3646	0
	Georgia	2	0
	Germany	3493	0
	Gibraltar	6	0
	Greece	58	0
	Greenland	2	0
	Hungary	70	0
	Iceland	12	0
	Ireland	144	0
	Israel	239	0
	Italy	773	0
	Latvia	4	0



	Lithuania	5	0
	Luxembourg	53	0
	Malta	31	0
	Monaco	3	0
	Montenegro	2	0
	Netherlands	1172	0
	Norway	82	0
	Poland	141	0
	Portugal	871	0
	Republic of Moldova	2	0
		1	0
	Republic of Türkiye Romania	36	0
	Russian Federation	1	0
	Serbia	31	0
	Slovakia	14	0
	Slovenia	44	0
	Spain	6645	2
	Sweden	163	0
	Switzerland	476	0
	The United Kingdom	3413	0
	Argentina	170	0
	Aruba	2	0
	Bahamas	2	0
	Barbados	1	0
	Bermuda	1	0
	Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	86	0
	Brazil	5197	2
	Canada	1289	0
	Chile	381	0
	Colombia	582	0
	Costa Rica	3	0
Region of the	Cuba	2	1
Americas	Curaçao	1	0
Americas	Dominican Republic	7	0
	Ecuador	53	1
	El Salvador	1	0
	Guadeloupe	1	0
	Guatemala	10	0
	Guyana	2	0
	Honduras	4	0
	Jamaica	7	0
	Martinique	1	0
	Mexico	504	0
	Panama	11	0
	Paraguay	1	0



	Peru	1546	0
	Puerto Rico	114	0
	Saint Martin	1	0
	United States of America	19 351	0
	Uruguay	4	0
	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	3	0
Courth Foot Asia	India	10	1
South-East Asia	Indonesia	1	0
Region	Thailand	7	0
	Australia	124	0
	China	3	0
	Japan	4	0
Western Pacific	New Caledonia	1	0
Region	New Zealand	5	0
	Philippines	4	0
	Republic of Korea	2	0
	Singapore	16	0
Cumulative	102 countries/territories/areas	52 996	18